



FIGURE 3-26

Finding cognates of a fourbar linkage when its coupler point lies on the line of centers of the coupler

Parallel Motion*

It is quite common to want the output link of a mechanism to follow a particular path without any rotation of the link as it moves along the path. Once an appropriate path motion in the form of a coupler curve and its fourbar linkage have been found, a cognate of that linkage provides a convenient means to replicate the coupler path motion and provide curvilinear translation (i.e., no rotation) of a new output link that follows the coupler path. This is referred to as **parallel motion**. Its design is best described with an example, the result of which will be a Watt I sixbar linkage[†] that incorporates the original fourbar and parts of one of its cognates. The method shown is as described in Soni.^[14]

* A video on constructing “Parallel Motion” linkages is provided on the book DVD.

[†]Another common method used to obtain parallel motion is to duplicate the same linkage (i.e., the identical cognate), connect them with a parallelogram loop, and remove two redundant links. This results in an eight-link mechanism. See Figure P3-7 on p. 160 for an example of such a mechanism. The method shown here using a different cognate results in a simpler linkage, but either approach will accomplish the desired goal.

EXAMPLE 3-11

Parallel Motion from a Fourbar Linkage Coupler Curve.

Problem: Design a sixbar linkage for parallel motion over a fourbar linkage coupler path.

Solution: (See Figure 3-27.)

- Figure 3-27a shows the chosen Grashof crank-rocker fourbar linkage and its coupler curve. The first step is to create the Roberts diagram and find its cognates as shown in Figure 3-27b. The Roberts linkage can be found directly, without resort to the Cayley diagram, as described on p. 133. The fixed center O_C is found by drawing a triangle similar to the coupler triangle A_1B_1P with base O_AO_B .
- One of a crank-rocker linkage’s cognates will also be a crank-rocker (here cognate #3) and